

- Are too sick to participate comfortably in normal activities
- Need a level of care or observation not manageable at school
- Create an unhealthy or unsafe environment for others

	Keep your child home until diarrhea can be contained by the diaper or stool frequency does not exceed 3 or more loose or watery in 24 hours and they can participate in normal activities. Keep your child home if there is blood or mucus in the stool.
	Keep your child home until their temperature is below 100.4°F for at least 24 hours without the use of fever-reducing medications.
	Keep your child home if they have: Draining open wounds that you can't cover with a waterproof dressing. Mouth sores with drooling. May return after symptoms resolve or a healthcare provider evaluates and treats them.
	Keep your child home until they have not vomited for 24 hours and they can participate in normal activities.
	Keep your child home until all blisters have scabs and no new blisters have appeared for at least 24 hours.
	Keep your child home for 5 days, then wear a mask on days 6-10.
	Keep your child home until they are fever-free for 24 hours.
	Keep your child home until 5 days after rash appeared.
	Keep your child home until 5 days after swelling began.
	Keep your child home until treatment is started.
	Keep your child home until the day after treatment is started.
	Keep your child home until they have taken antibiotics for 24 hours and are fever-free.